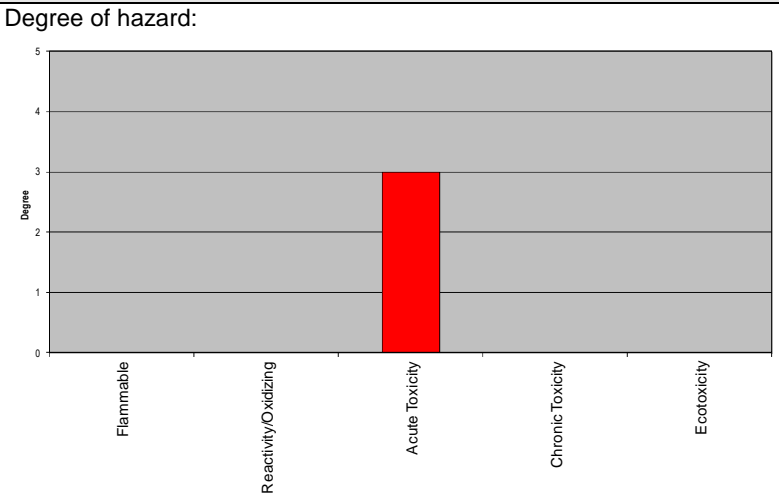



1. Identification of Substance and Company		
Product Name:	Handy Andy Pine	
Other Names:	None	
HSNO Approval:	HSR002530	
Product Code:	Cleaning Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2006	
UN Number:	O4583, 741035	
Hazchem Code:	Not Applicable	
Uses:	1[T] (not required for signage) Disinfectant, Cleaning Agent	
Company Details		
Company:	Clorox New Zealand Ltd	
Address:	Level8, Building 5, Central Park 660-670 Great South Road Penrose Auckland 1061 New Zealand	
Telephone Number:	0800 108 858	
Emergency Telephone Number:	Poisons and Hazardous Chemicals National Information Centre. Urgent information: 0800 764 766. Working hours: 03 479 7248	
2. Hazard Identification		
Hazard Classifications		
This product has been approved under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002530, Cleaning Product (subsidiary hazard) Group Standard 2006), and is classified as follows:		Degree of hazard:
Classes 6.1E, 6.3A, 8.3A	harmful if swallowed Skin irritant Eye corrosive	
Symbols: DANGER 		
Other classifications		
Not considered hazardous under other New Zealand legislation. Not a scheduled Poison in Australia.		
Hazard and Precautionary Statements		
Hazard	6.1E (oral) May be harmful if swallowed 6.3A Causes mild skin irritation. 8.3A Causes serious eye damage. Precautionary Keep out of reach of children. Read label before use. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Further precautionary statements can be found in Section 4 – First Aid.	
3. Composition/Information on Ingredients		
Chemical Entity	CAS No	Proportion
Water	7723-18-5	>60%
Linear alkyl benzenesulfonate	proprietary	1-10%
Ethoxylated alcohols	proprietary	1-10%
Sodium Carbonate	497-19-8	<5%
Alkalis (hydroxides)	1310-58-3, 1310-73-2	<5%
Sodium tripolyphosphate	7758-29-4	<5%
Fragrance	mixture	<1%
Ingredients not classed as hazardous under HSNO	proprietary	balance

4. First Aid			
<i>General Information</i>			
You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (24 hr emergency service). If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.			
Recommended first aid facilities		Ready access to running water. Accessible eyewash is recommended.	
<i>Exposure</i>			
Swallowed:	Do NOT induce vomiting. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.		
Eye contact:	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Apply continuous irrigation with water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids apart. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.		
Skin contact:	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.		
Inhaled:	IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.		
<i>Advice to Doctor</i>			
No long term/permanent effects likely. Most likely effect is short-term irritation to skin or eyes (acute). Treat symptomatically.			
5. Firefighting Measures			
Fire and explosion hazards	There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is predominantly water and does not burn.		
Suitable Extinguishing Substances	Water, foam		
Unsuitable extinguishing substances	None known.		
Protective Equipment	Respiratory protection (to protect from smoke inhalation)		
Danger caused by material, its combustion products or gases produced	Some fire decomposition products from this product may be harmful if inhaled.		
Hazchem Code	1[T] (recommended - note: not a dangerous good)		
6. Accidental Release Measures			
Containment	If greater than 1000L is stored, secondary containment is required. Emergency plans to manage any potential spills must be in place. Prevent spillage from spreading or entering soil, waterways or drains.		
Emergency procedures	The container size will generally prevent major spills. For small spill of liquid, mop up or collect into labelled container for recycling or disposal. Wash residue down with water. If a large spill occurs: 1. Isolate area (ensure no persons inside spill area); 2. Collect spill – see below; 3. Transfer to container for disposal; 4. Dispose of according to guidelines below (Section 13)		
Clean-up method	This product is not considered flammable or ecotoxic. Small spills do not require any special clean up method. Larger spills should be mopped up and collected. Larger spills (e.g. if >200L) should be prevented from entering storm water drains or waterways.		
Precautions	Spill site may be slippery. Wear protective footwear, overalls, gloves and safety glasses to clean-up large spills.		
7. Handling and Storage			
Storage:	Avoid storage of toxic substances with food. Store out of reach of children.		
Handling:	Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements.		
8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection Equipment			
<i>Workplace Exposure Standards</i>			
A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe New Zealand for this product. There is a general limit of 10mg/m ³ for dusts and mists when limits have not otherwise been established.			
NZ Workplace Exposure Standards (2013).	Ingredient	WES- TWA	WES- STEL
	Sodium carbonate	10mg/m ³	Data unavailable
	Sodium hydroxide	Ceiling: 2mg/m ³	
	Potassium hydroxide	Ceiling: 2mg/m ³	
	no other ingredients listed		
<i>Engineering Controls</i>			
Ventilation	In industrial situations, concentration values below the WES value must be maintained. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.		

Personal Protective Equipment		
Eyes	Concentrated liquid may be discomforting to eyes – use eye protection if working with the concentrate.	
Skin	Avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact. If working with this substance in bulk, wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious gloves. Rubber or nitrile gloves are recommended. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking.	
		Respiratory
Respirator is not required under normal use. Ensure adequate natural ventilation.		
9. Physical and Chemical Properties		
Appearance:	Opaque green liquid	
Odour	Pine odour	
pH	10.2 to 10.8	
Vapour pressure	18 mmHg at 20°C	
Vapour density	No data	
Boiling point	Approximately 100°C	
Freezing/melting point	< 0°C	
Solubility	Completely soluble in water	
Specific gravity or density	1.066 at 20°C	
Flash point	Not applicable (does not burn)	
Upper and lower flammable limits	Not applicable (does not burn)	
Auto ignition temperature	Not applicable (does not burn)	
10. Stability and Reactivity		
Stability	Stable. Unlikely to react or decompose under normal conditions	
Conditions to be avoided	No special precautions	
Incompatible materials	None known	
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon dioxide.	
Hazardous reactions	No specific hazards.	
11. Toxicological Information		
<i>Summary</i>		
IF SWALLOWED: may cause gastrointestinal discomfort.		
IF ON SKIN: may cause skin irritation.		
IF IN EYES: concentrate may cause burns to the eyes. The diluted mixture maybe irritating to the eyes.		
IF INHALED: no adverse effect is expected.		
<i>Supporting Data</i>		
Acute toxicity	Oral:	Using LD ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the calculated LD ₅₀ (oral, rat) for the mixture is between 2000 and 5000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Potassium Hydroxide 273 mg/kg (rat), Dobanic (dodecyl benzene sulphonic acid) 404-1470 mg/kg body weight (rat), Sodium Tripolyphosphate 3020mg/kg (mouse), Sodium carbonate 4090 mg/kg (rat), Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated: 1400 mg/kg (rat).
	Dermal:	Using LD ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the calculated LD ₅₀ (dermal, rat) for the mixture is >5000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Caustic Soda 1348 mg/kg.
	Inhaled:	No evidence of acute inhalation toxicity.
	Eye:	The mixture is considered to be corrosive to the eye, because some of the ingredients present at >3% are considered eye corrosives. (Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated, benzalkonium chloride, Dobanic (dodecyl benzene sulphonic acid)
	Skin:	The mixture is considered to be a skin irritant, because some of the ingredients present are considered skin irritants in more concentrated form. (see eye)
Chronic toxicity	Sensitisation:	No ingredient present at concentrations >0.1% is considered a sensitiser.
	Mutagenicity:	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.
	Carcinogenicity	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.
	Reproductive / Developmental	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.
Aggravation of existing conditions	Some individuals with sensitive skin or conditions such as dermatitis may experience adverse skin reactions, and would be advised to avoid skin contact. If symptoms persist, discontinue use.	

12. Ecological Data
Summary

Limited data available on the mixture. This product considered unlikely to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

Supporting Data

Aquatic	Linear alkylbenzenesulphonate is considered to be ecotoxic. Sodium tripolyphosphate, like other phosphates, causes rapid growth of algae in surface waters, which can starve other organism of oxygen and cause environmental problems.
Bioaccumulation	Unlikely to be bioaccumulative (degrades in water)
Degradability	Considered rapidly degradable (degrades in water)
Soil	Not considered toxic in soil (no evidence for any ingredient)
Terrestrial	No evidence of terrestrial vertebrate toxicity for the mixture.
Vertebrate	
Terrestrial Invertebrate	No evidence of terrestrial invertebrate toxicity for the mixture or any of its components
Biocidal	The product is not designed as a biocide.

13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions	This product should not be disposed of directly to natural waterway in concentrated form.
Disposal method:	No special precautions are required for the disposal of this product. Dispose of residue and solutions that cannot be reused to sewer. If this is not possible dilute with water (at least 5 times as much water) and drain.
Contaminated Packaging:	Rinse containers with water before disposal. Preferably re-cycle container, otherwise send to landfill or similar.

14. Transport Information

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

UN Number	Not applicable	Proper Shipping Name	Not applicable
Class(es)	Not applicable	Packing group	Not applicable
Precautions	Not applicable	HAZCHEM code	1[T] (not required to be signposted)

15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002530, Cleaning Product (subsidiary hazard) Group Standard 2006.

Specific Workplace Controls (as per HSNO approval referenced to Controls Matrix)

Key workplace requirements are:	
SDS	To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.
Labelling	No removal of labels and/or decanting of product into other containers can occur.
Emergency plan	Required if > 10000L is stored.
Approved handler	Not required.
Tracking	Not required.
Bunding & secondary containment	Required if > 10000L is stored.
Signage	Required if > 1000L is stored.
Location test certificate	Not required.
Flammable zone	Not required.
Fire extinguisher	Not required.
Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.	

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health, Safety in Employment Act and Regulations, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

16. Other Information	
<i>Abbreviations</i>	
Approval Code	Approval HSR002530 Cleaning Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2006 Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz
CAS Number	Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
Ceiling	Ceiling Exposure Value: The maximum airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed at any time.
Controls Matrix	List of default controls linking regulation numbers to Matrix code (e.g. T1, I16).
EC50	Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency (previously known as ERMA)
HAZCHEM Code	Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services, especially fire fighters
HSNO	Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit
LD₅₀	Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).
LC₅₀	Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats)
MSDS (SDS)	Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is not exceeded
TWA	Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day (usually 8 hours)
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number	United Nations Number
WES	Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed in a work day.
<i>References</i>	
Data	Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information database (CCID) http://www.epa.govt.nz/hs/compliance/chemicals.html , for specific chemicals.
Approval Code	Classifications and controls assigned for specific ingredients (consolidated gazette, 2004)
Controls Matrix	Part of the EPA New Zealand User Guide to the HSNO Control Regulations
WES 2013	The NZ Workplace Exposure Standards Effective from 2013, published by WorkSafe NZ available on their web site – www.worksafe.govt.nz .
Other References	Ingredients SDSs, Chemidplus, GESTIS, ECHA (echa.europa.eu)
<i>Review</i>	
Date of review	Reason for review
Nov 2010	Company address and logo, change, risk phrases to hazard phrases .
Oct 2014	review of classification, ERMA to EPA, WorkSafe
<i>Disclaimer</i>	
<p>This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO classifications, are based on our experience, EPA Guidelines and international classifications. This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: (09) 940 30 80.</p>	
